



**The 3<sup>rd</sup> European IM Day**  
**Amsterdam, 18-19<sup>th</sup> May 2017**

**SESSION 3**  
**EUROPEAN INDUSTRY CONTRIBUTION**

Session chair  
**Arno  
von der Fecht**

**IMEMG**

**Dr. Ron E Hollands**  
*President*

## IMEMG Industry Contribution

**“Priorities for IM”**

**The 3<sup>rd</sup> European IM Day**

**Ron Hollands  
President IMEMG**



# Membership

21 Companies from 8 countries (as of January 2017):



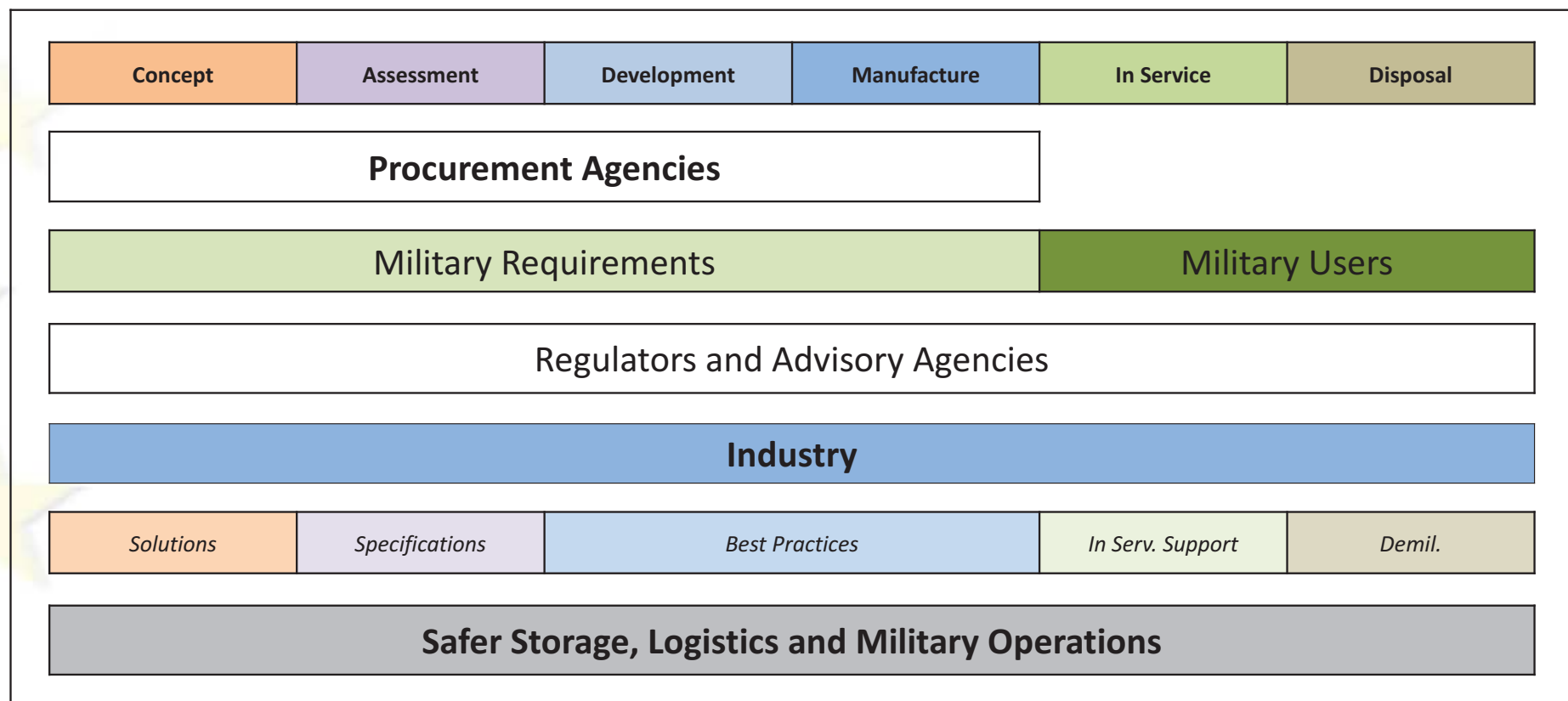
**nammo**



**EXPAL**

# Our Commitment

**To Support IM Stakeholders throughout the product lifecycle:**



## Expert Working Group Overview

- Active technical collaboration between IMEMG member companies
- Pooling of extensive expertise and knowledge
- Cooperation with MSIAC
- Focused effort in five key areas
  - **Hazard Assessment and Classification**
    - » STANAG and AOP Revisions
  - **STANAG 4240 Fast Cook Off Procedure**
    - » Jet fuel versus greener alternatives
  - **Effect of Ageing on IM Response**
    - » Linking IM response, IM stimulus and energetic material failure modes
  - **IM Modelling**
    - » How can we predict IM response? Where are the Gaps in capability?
  - **Cost Benefit Analysis**
    - » ASSIM Decision Tool for IM Signature

## Hazard Assessment and Classification EWG(1)

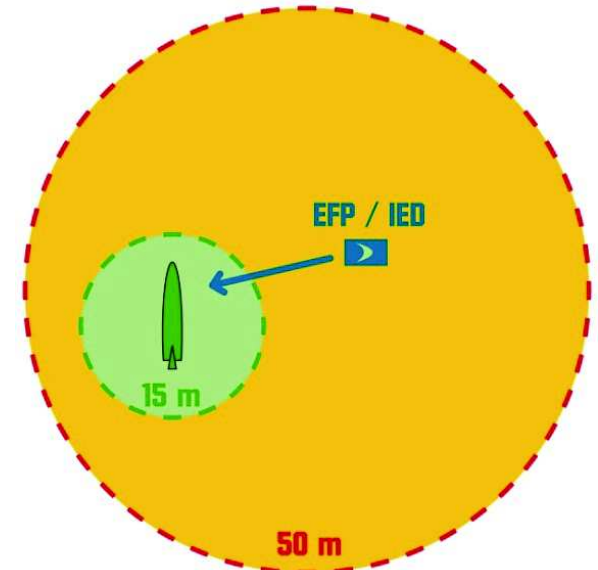
- STANAG and and AOP Improvements
- IMEMG study prompted and by fed by MSIAC surveys and reports on IM response descriptors
- Main topics
  - **Fragment Impact and mandatory Type V response taking into account STANAG 4496 test conditions**
  - **Projection criterion to pass Type V response**
  - **Propulsion effect assessment to pass Type V response**
  - **Slow Cook off and mandatory Type V response for “fire in an adjacent magazine , store or vehicle**



## Hazard Assessment and Classification EWG(2)

- **Fragment Impact STANAG 4496**

- 18.6g Fragment @ 2530m/s can only be produced by IED or a few specialised missile warheads
- Blast and fragment threat from incoming detonating “donor” will cause severe damage and injuries to people out to a 50m radius
- STANAG 4439
  - » Maximum response allowed Type V requires no projection further than 15m
- Recommendations
  - » Change the maximum allowed response from Type V to Type III (or IV)
  - » Hazardous effects of incoming threat itself overwhelm all tolerated effects of a Type V response





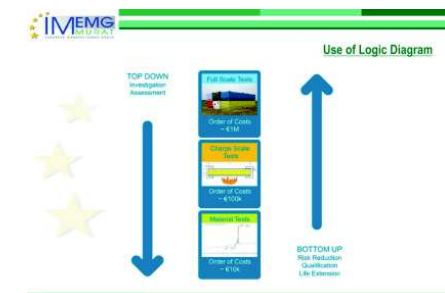
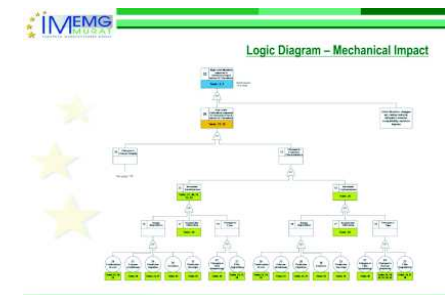
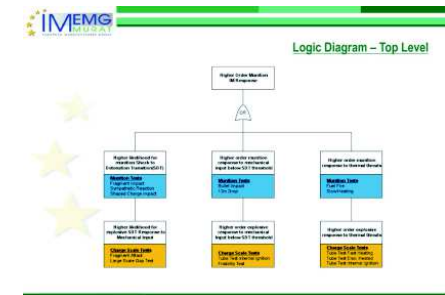
- **EWG Objectives**
  - To analyse the effects of ageing of energetic materials on IM response
  - To establish links between energetic material failure modes and IM stimuli
  - To review available test results on aged explosive fillings as validation
- Fault tree analysis (FTA) logic diagram methodology developed
- Cast PBX and melt cast explosives evaluated to date





## IM and Ageing EWG(2)

- Top Level
  - Higher order munition response to an IM stimulus is subdivided into a number of explosive response mechanisms linked to the appropriate charge scale tests
- Example of stimulus – mechanical impact
  - Logic diagram in FTA format illustrates links between material properties and IM response
  - Provides framework for assessing test data and sharing knowledge
- Use of logic diagram
  - Provides holistic approach
  - Can be used for purposes of characterisation (bottom up) or investigation (top down)
  - Can optimise the use of available small scale test data

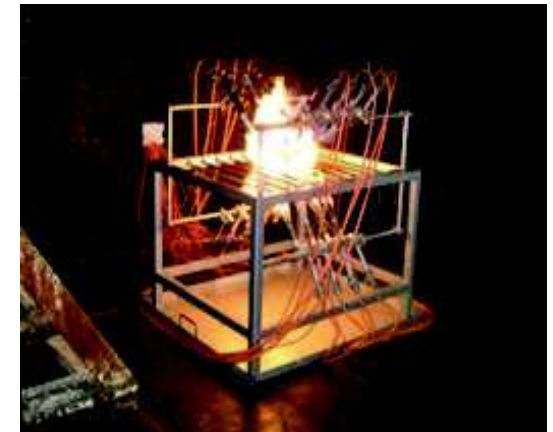


## Fast Cook Off EWG(1)

- **EWG Objectives**
  - Harmonisation of fast heating test procedures and acceptance criteria
  - Explore alternative solutions
  - Evaluate equivalence of liquid fuel and alternatives, eg LPG
- **Pool fire tests**
  - How standardised?
  - Repeatability and uniformity difficult to achieve
  - Wind identified as critical parameter
- **Alternative Test Configurations**
  - Opportunity to improve test repeatability
  - Next standard for FCO testing offers possibility of alternative means of effecting aggression
  - But must be proven to be representative of fuel fires



Liquid Fuel Fire (Courtesy of SBTC, Sweden)



Propane gas burners  
(Courtesy of NEXTER, France)

## Fast Cook Off EWG(2)

- Alternatives state-of-the-art
  - Liquefied propane gas burners
  - Propane jets
  - Sand-bed burners
  - Radiant panels
- Worldwide experimental investigation
  - Large and small facilities
  - To be representative or for research
- The consistency of IM test results needs to be assured whatever the test method
- Future Challenges
  - Equivalence between liquid fuel fires and alternatives
  - Comparable heat flux density
  - Validation for all stages of ignition and heating
  - Calibration devices and criteria
  - Harmonised apparatus necessary



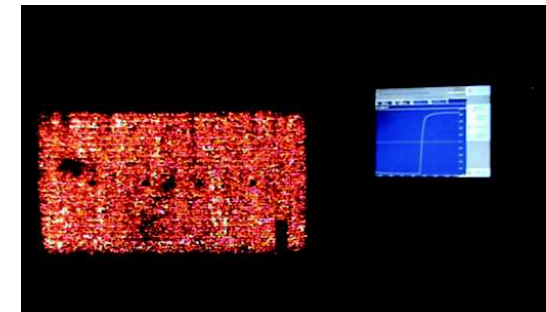
US liquid propane fueled burners  
(Courtesy of NSWC - US Navy, US)



Propane gas "hell flute"  
(Courtesy of BTC, Sweden)



LPG Fire (Courtesy of WTD91, Germany)



Radiant panel  
(Courtesy of AIRBUS SAFRAN LAUNCHERS, France)



## IMEMG Industry Contribution

- And now an example of active European industrial collaboration on the development and production of new Insensitive Munitions
- MBDA
  - **Missiles and lethal mechanisms**

