



XP[®]: A cost effective approach for medium calibre insensitive munitions

GROUPE NEXTER

IMEMTS 2010

October 11-14, 2010

C. Coulouarn, R. Boulanger, D. Bouchaud

NEXTER Munitions
Etablissement de Bourges
7, route de Guerry
18023 Bourges cedex
c.coulouarn@nexter-group.fr

This document is the property of NEXTER
The information it contains cannot be used, reproduced or communicated without their prior written agreement

nexter
MUNITIONS



➤ Contents

- Context of the study and objectives
- Low vulnerability and energetic material formulations
 - Hazard characterizations
 - Detonic performances
- Industrial transfers
- IM tests
- Dynamic and static firings
- Summary and conclusions



➤ Context of the study (1)

➤ Objectives of this study

- To develop an explosive composition
 - Pressable at room temperature
 - Best cost-effectiveness

- To meet required performances
 - Explosive composition compatible with wide range of munitions:
 - Medium calibre, warhead, booster,...
 - Compliant with the STANAG 4439 with respect to the munitions

Context of the study (2)

Applications

- DGA project: Anti Aircraft Warhead



- Booster applications



- Medium calibre applications

- 25 x137 HEI Airburst
- 30 x113 Supersafe
- 40 CTA: GPR-PD and GPR-AB



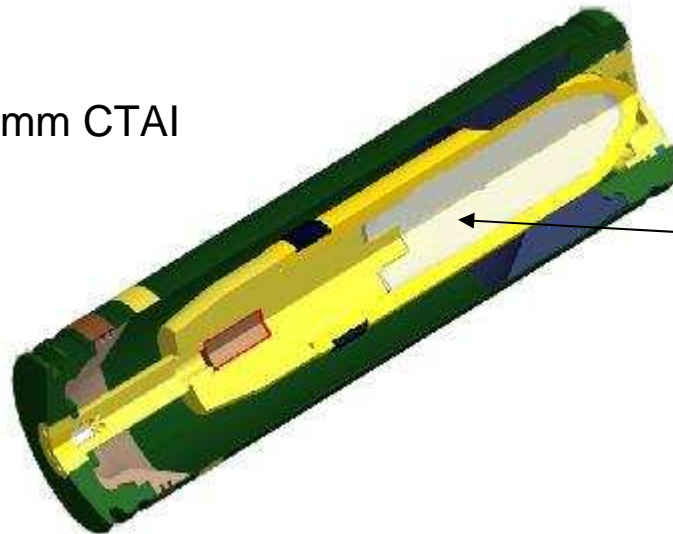
➤ Case study: CTAI cased telescoped ammunition

➤ 40 mm ammunition developed by CTAI

- CTAI JV is dedicated to developing and promoting the 40 mm Cased Telescoped Armament System.

- Development of the GPR round: NEXTER munitions in charge of explosive filling

40 mm CTAI

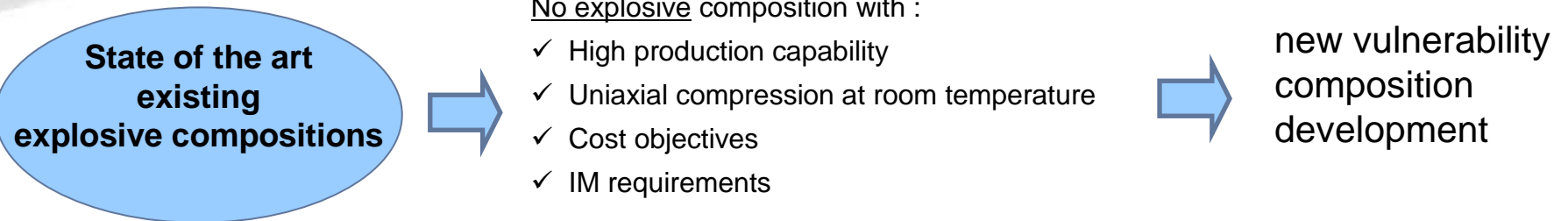


Explosive composition

} NEXTER
Munitions'
responsibility

➤ Low vulnerability explosive composition approach

- Objectives: explosive composition intended for medium calibre ammunition



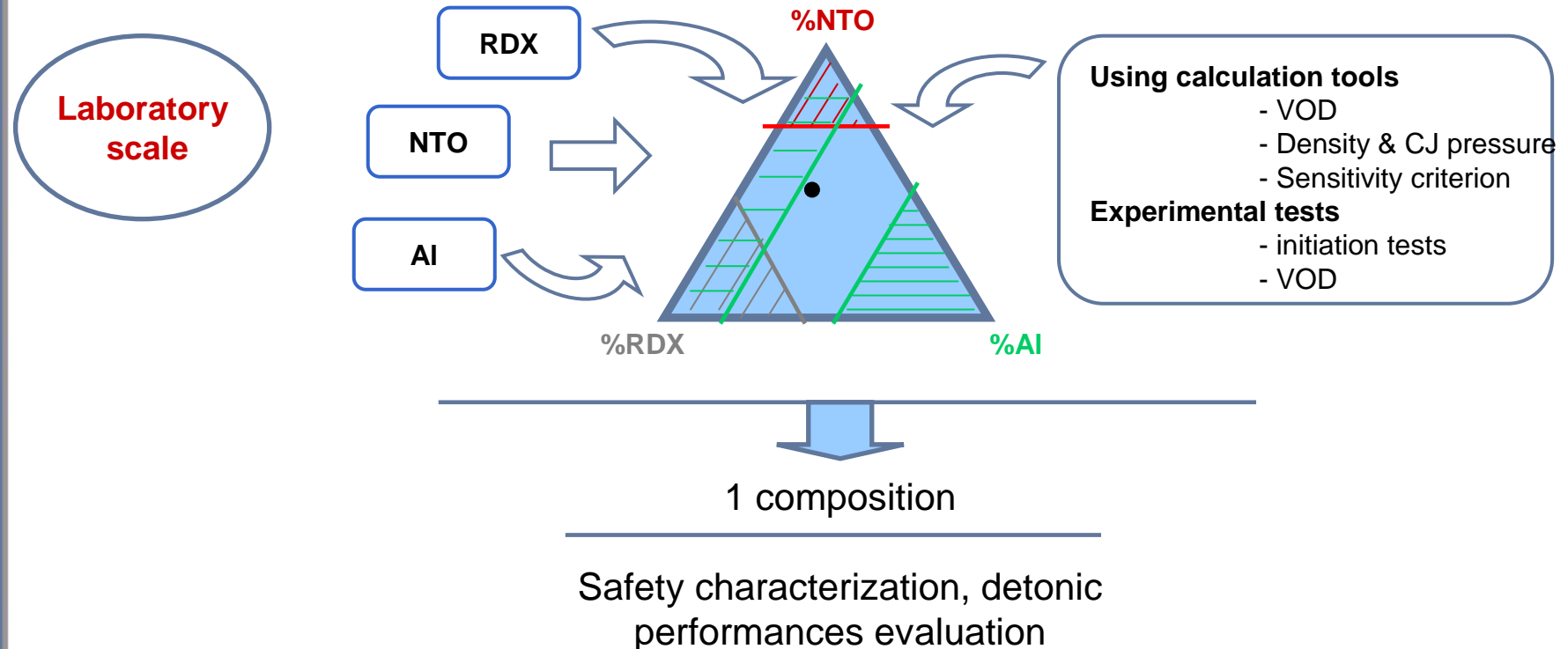
➤ Targeted performances

Targeted performances	Detonics Properties				Mechanical properties	
	Density ρ	VoD	Unconfined Critical diameter	Gap Test LSGT	Stress max	Young's Modulus
	$> 1.8 \text{ g.cm}^{-3}$	$> 7800 \text{ m.s}^{-1}$	$< 10 \text{ mm}$	Between 200 and 275 cards	$< 10 \text{ MPa}$	$< 2000 \text{ MPa}$

➤ Energetic material formulation

➤ NTO/RDX based compositions

- Developed and optimized with the help of experimental designs
- Compromise between NTO/RDX/Aluminium: optimal conditions



➤ Energetic material characterization

➤ Hazards characterization: basic safety tests



	50% Go results	AFNOR standard
Friction sensitivity	0% at 353 N	NF T 70 503
Electrostatic discharges	367 mJ	NF T 70 539
Impact sensitivity	30% at 50 J	NF T 70 500



↳ Low sensitivity to basic stimuli

➤ Mechanical properties evaluation

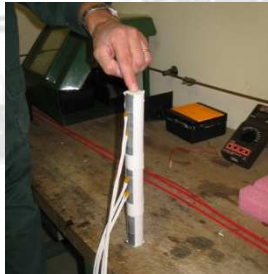


XP3264 [®] at 20°C	Mechanical properties	
	Stress max	Young's Modulus
	9,8 MPa	607 MPa

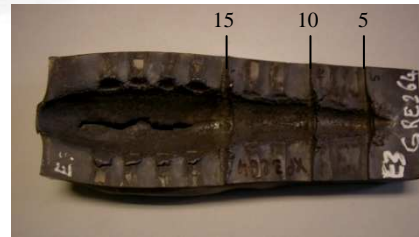
XP3264[®]

➤ Energetic material characterization

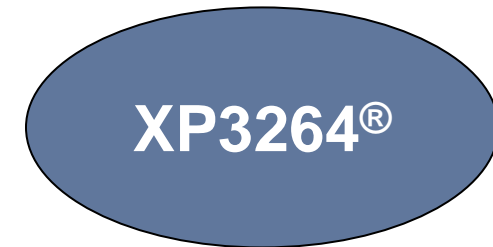
➤ Detonation velocity and unconfined critical diameter



> 7900 m.s⁻¹



Less than 5 mm

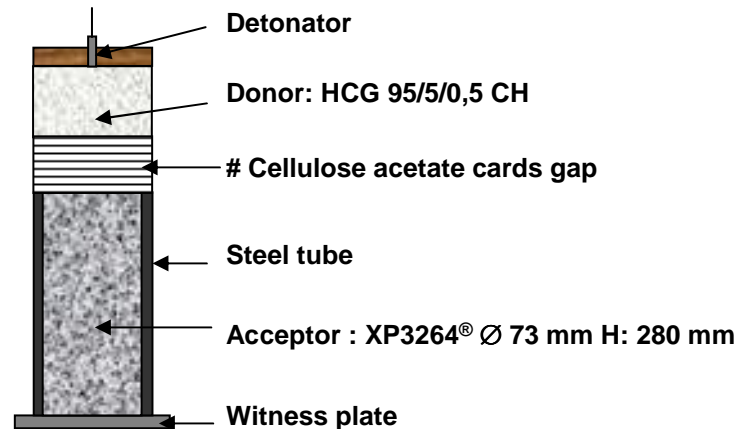


➤ Gap Test ISGT

iSGT result: 230 cards

Pressure in acetate: 22,8 kbar

STANAG 4488



➤ Energetic material characterization

➤ Summary of properties for XP3264[®] explosive

	Detonics Properties					Mechanical properties	
	Density ρ	VoD	Detonation pressure	Unconfined Critical diameter	Gap Test iSGT	Stress max	Young's Modulus
Targeted performances	> 1.8 g.cm ⁻³	> 7800 m.s ⁻¹		< 10 mm	Between 200 and 275 cards	< 10 MPa	< 2000 MPa
Recorded performances XP3264[®]	1.82 g.cm⁻³	7921 m.s⁻¹	285 kBar	< 5 mm	230 cards	9,8 MPa	607 MPa

➤ French MoD (DGA) certification

XP3264[®] homologation according to STANAG 4170 will be delivered at the end of 2010.

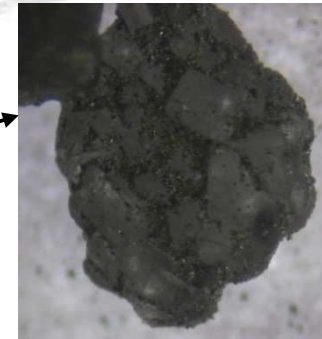
Transfer and qualification to industrial process

Coated process



~ 5000 kg / year

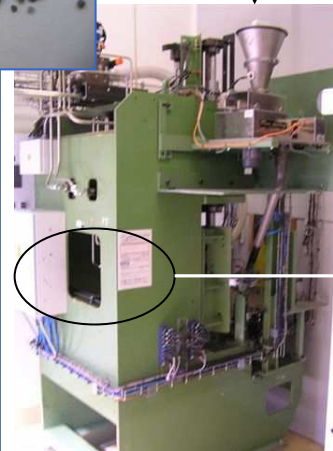
XP3264® agglomerates



Industrial scale



Dedicated workshop



Multi-pressed positions



Explosive composition XP3264®

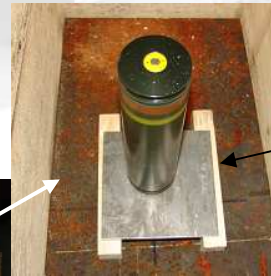
40 mm CTAI ammunition

➤ IM tests (STANAG 4439) – Results (cartridge)

➤ Bullet Impact test



12.7 mm AP type M2

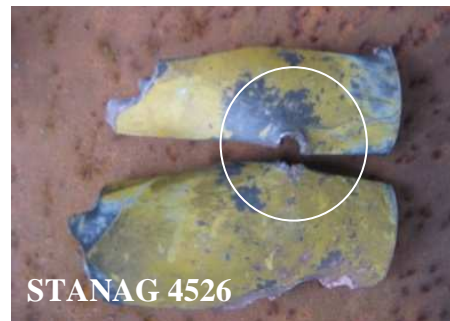


Witness plate



Type V

➤ Shaped Charge Jet Impact: CCEB 62



Type III

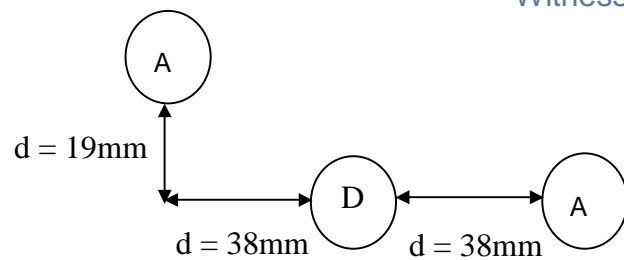
➤ IM tests (STANAG 4439) – Results (cartridge)

➤ Sympathetic reaction: 2 configurations tested

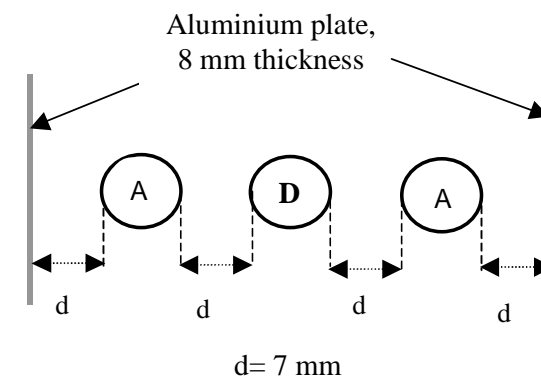


Witness plate

Type V



① 40 mm configuration without any packaging



② Feed slot ammunition configuration

➤ IM tests (STANAG 4439) – Results (cartridge)

➤ Slow Cook Off: 2 configurations (slope 3.3°C/h)



Type IV

Cartridge opening

➤ Fast Cook Off



Type V

Cartridge opening

➤ 40 MM GPR IM signature

Reaction level	
I	Detonation
II	Partial detonation
III	Explosion
IV	Deflagration
V	Burning

■ compliant
■ forbidden

SIGNATURE GPR 40 CTA							
STANAG 4439		FH	SH	BI	SR	FI	SCJI
Reaction level	V			●	●		
	IV	●	●			●	
	III						●
	II						
	I						

● XP3264®

Threat	
FH	Fast Heating
SH	Slow Heating
BI	Bullet Impact
SR	Sympathetic Reaction
FI	Fragment Impact
SCJI	Shaped Charge Jet Impact

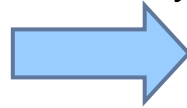
- Increase the safety level during storage, transport and handling phases
- Increase the safety level for the vehicle's crew during combat phase

➤ 40 MM: static and dynamic firings

➤ Static firing: fragmentation test



Water recovery



Fragment distribution

➤ Example of dynamic firing



Fragment impacts in the wall



X-Ray visualisation

➤ Conclusion

➤ R&T activities

- Researching explosive formulations
- Explosive composition compliant with customer's requirements

➤ XP3264® characterization

- Low sensitivity (safety tests), detonation properties compliant with requirements
- XP homologation (STANAG 4170) in progress

➤ Industrial transfer:

- Laboratory to industrial scale production qualified
- Process robustness assessed in parallel
- A dedicated workshop built for mass production

➤ Terminal efficiency

- Good fragmentation level observed with 40 mm recovery tests
- Confirmation with dynamic firing tests

➤ IM signature (STANAG 4439)

- Significant increase of safety level,
- Full IM signature coming with qualification programme

40 mm CTA GPR
are now filled
with XP3264®



➤ Acknowledgements

Many thanks to the DGA who are supporting the homologation

Thank you for your attention

QUESTIONS ?



**XP[®]: A cost effective approach for medium
calibre insensitive munitions**

IMEMTS 2010

October 11-14, 2010

C. Coulouarn, R. Boulanger, D. Bouchaud

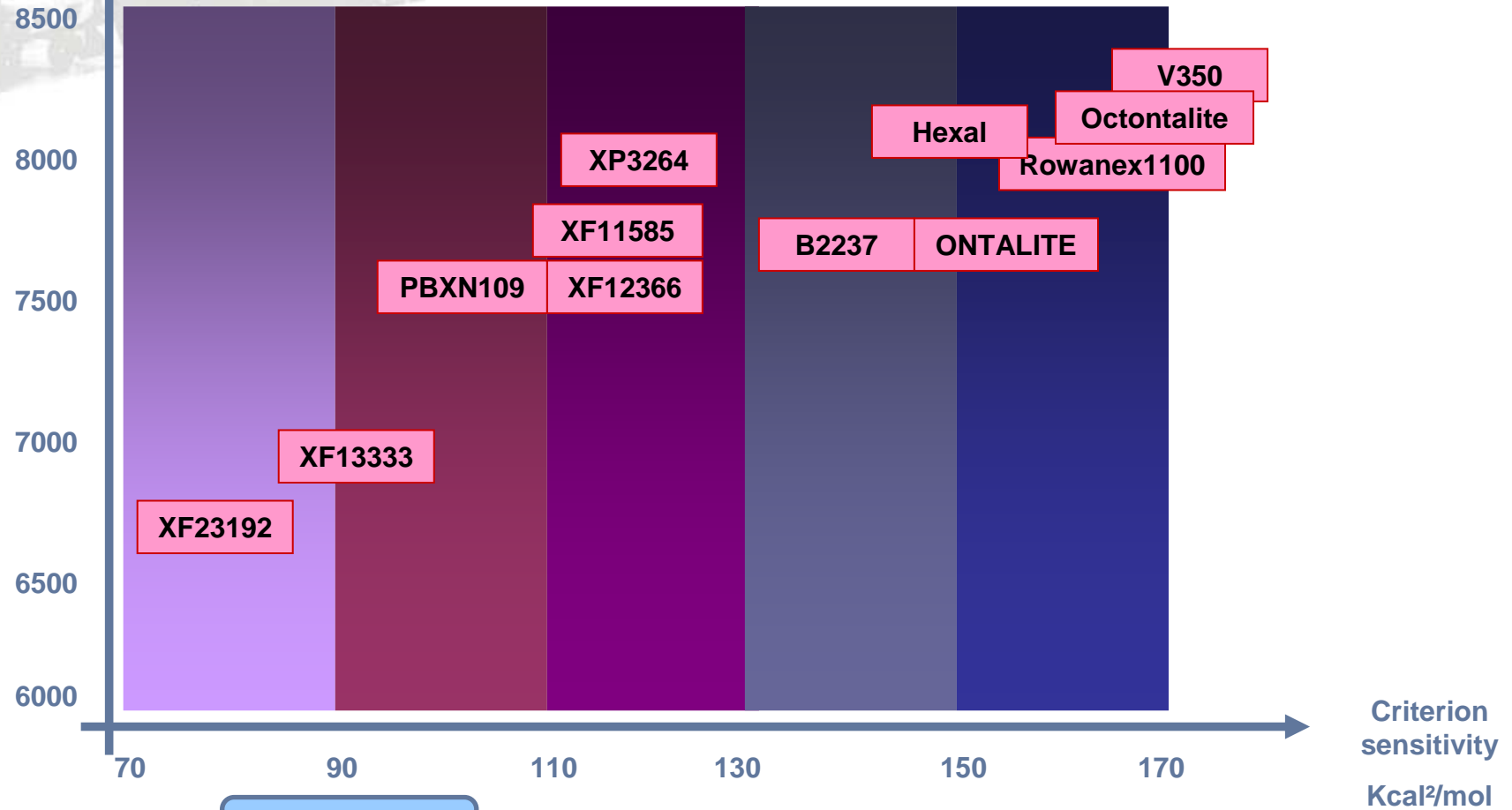
Annex



	XP 3264	Hexal	STANAG
Friction sensitivity	41,7 J	21,7 J	4489
Impact sensitivity	0% at 353 N	263,1 N	4487
Electrostatic discharge	367 mJ	242 mJ	4490
Intermediate Scale Gap Test	230 Cards ~23,8 kPa	275 Cards ~15 kPa	4488
Unconfined critical Diameter	< 5 mm	2 < < 3 mm	AOP7
Velocity of detonation	> 7900 m/s at $\rho=1,82 \text{ g/cm}^3$	8230 m/s at $\rho=1,81 \text{ g/cm}^3$	AOP 7

Annex

Velocity of detonation (m/s)



Low sensitivity